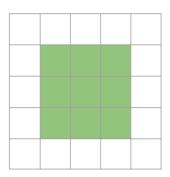


Task 4: Square or Rectangle?

Note that only C++ and Java may be used for this task.

I can be a square, or a rectangle. Am I a square, or a rectangle?

Consider a grid of N by N squares. Suppose there is either a square or a rectangle covering some grid squares, and each grid square is either completely inside or outside the shape, i.e. the boundary of the shape follows the grid lines. Two examples are shown below:



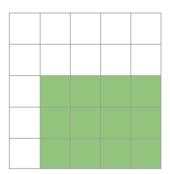


Figure 1: I am a **square**.

Figure 2: I am a **rectangle**.

It is also guaranteed that the shape covers at least 4% of the total area of the grid. Your task is to determine if the shape is a square, or a rectangle. To do that, you are allowed to ask at most Q queries, each query allows you to find out if a certain grid square is inside the shape. The grid squares are identified by coordinates (x, y) where 1 < x, y < N.

Implementation Details

This is an interactive task. Do not read from standard input or write to standard output.

You are to implement the following function:

- C++: bool am_i_square(int N, int Q)
- Java: public static boolean am_i_square(int N, int Q)

The am_{i-s} quare function will be called at most T times. Each call to this function represents a separate instance of the problem, i.e. the shape may be different and Q queries are allowed in each instance of the problem.



Within the am_i_square function, you are allowed to call the following grader functions to complete the task:

- C++: bool inside_shape(int X, int Y)
- Java: public static boolean inside_shape(int X, int Y)

The inside_shape function will return true if the grid square (X, Y) is inside the shape, or false otherwise. If your program calls this function more than Q times or with invalid parameters, the program will terminate immediately and you will be given a $Wrong\ Answer$ verdict.

Sample Interaction

Consider the grid found in Figure 1. Suppose Q=25. Your function will be called with the following parameters:

```
am_i_square(5, 25)
```

A possible interaction could be as follows:

- inside_shape(3, 3) = true
 - The inside_shape function is asked if (3, 3) is inside the shape. As the grid square is inside the shape (highlighted in green as shown in Figure 1), the function returns true.
- inside_shape(5, 4) = false
 - The inside_shape function is asked if (5, 4) is inside the shape. As the grid square on the fifth row and fourth column is outside the shape, the function returns false.
- inside_shape(1, 1) = false
 - The inside_shape function is asked if (1, 1) is inside the shape. As the grid square on the top-left corner is outside the shape, the function returns false.
- inside_shape(2, 4) = true
 - The inside_shape function is asked if (2, 4) is inside the shape. As the grid square is within the shape, the function returns true.

At this point, it decides that it has enough information to conclude that the shape is a **square**. As such, it will return true. As the shape is indeed a square and the program has used less than 25 queries, it would be deemed as correct for this testcase.



Subtasks

The maximum execution time on each instance is 3.0s. For all testcases, the input will satisfy the following bounds:

- N = 100
- $1 \le T \le 1000$

Your program will be tested on input instances that satisfy the following restrictions:

Subtask	Marks	Additional Constraints
1	14	$Q = 10^4$
2	19	Q = 100
3	18	Q = 40, shape will cover at least 25 % of the grid area.
4	49	Q = 50. Please read "Scoring" for further details.

Scoring

Subtask 4 is a special scoring subtask. Your score depends on the maximum number of queries q you make in any testcase.

- If q > 50, you will score 0 points.
- If $34 \le q \le 50$, you will score $40 30 * \frac{q-34}{17}$ points.
- If $q \le 33$, you will score 49 points.

Testing

You may download the grader file, the header file (for C++) and a solution template under *Attachments*. The sample testcases are also provided for your reference. Please use the compile and run scripts provided (the .sh files) for testing.

Grader Input Format for Testing

- \bullet one line with three integers, T, N and Q.
- T lines, containing four integers X_1 , Y_1 , X_2 and Y_2 , where (X_1, Y_1) is the top-left corner of the shape and (X_2, Y_2) is the bottom-right corner of the shape.