



## Cake at Stake

There are  $n$  contestants sitting in a circle, labeled from 1 to  $n$  clockwise for simplicity. They are facing elimination, and whoever does not get any cake will be eliminated and sent to the Tiny Loser Chamber.



There are  $c$  slices of cake, and in the beginning, the  $i^{\text{th}}$  slice of cake is held by the contestant labelled  $a_i$ .

There are  $m$  different operations. In the  $i^{\text{th}}$  operation, every adjacent pair of contestants from  $l_i$  to  $r_i$ , going clockwise, will swap cakes in the following manner:

- If both contestants don't have cakes, nothing happens.
- If both contestants have cakes, nothing happens.
- If one contestant has a cake and the other doesn't, the contestant with the cake gives it to the contestant without.

This operation is performed by each adjacent pair of contestants, so contestants  $l_i$  and  $l_i + 1$  swap cakes in this manner, contestants  $l_i + 2$  and  $l_i + 3$  swap cakes, and so on, until contestants  $r_i - 1$  and  $r_i$ . Note that, due to the way the contestants are seated in the circle, it could happen that  $l_i$  is greater than  $r_i$ ; in this case, the contestants involved are  $l_i, l_i + 1, l_i + 2, \dots, n, 1, 2, \dots, r_i$ .

These operations are performed in order from first to last until a total of  $k$  operations have been performed. If all  $m$  operations have already been performed but the number of operations performed has not yet reached  $k$ , they start over from the first operation, and so on until  $k$  operations are done.

Once all  $k$  operations are finished, all contestants holding a slice of cake survive the elimination, while the others are eliminated and sent to the Tiny Loser Chamber.

Which contestants survive?

## Input format

The first line of input contains four integers  $n, c, m$  and  $k$ , the number of contestants, the number of slices of cake, the number of distinct operations and the total number of operations done, respectively.

The next line contains  $c$  integers,  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_C$ , the labels of the contestants who have a cake at the beginning.

The next  $m$  lines describe the operations. The  $i^{\text{th}}$  of these lines contains  $l_i$  and  $r_i$ , denoting that the  $i^{\text{th}}$  operation involves all adjacent pairs of contestants from  $l_i$  to  $r_i$  clockwise. It is guaranteed that there are always an even number of contestants involved in each operation.

## Output format

For each test case, output  $c$  integers separated by a single space each, the labels of the players who receive a cake and survive the elimination. They must be output in increasing order of label.

## Subtasks

In all subtasks  $2 \leq n, 1 \leq k, 1 \leq m \leq 100\,000, 1 \leq c < n, 1 \leq a_i \leq n, 1 \leq l_i, r_i \leq n, l_i \neq r_i$ , all  $a_i$  are distinct, and there are always an even number of contestants involved in each operation.

Subtask	Points	$n$	$k$	Additional Constraints
1	12	$n \leq 4\,000$	$k \leq 4\,000$	
2	8	$n \leq 100\,000$	$k \leq 100\,000$	$c = 1$
3	6	$n \leq 100\,000$	$k \leq 100\,000$	$c = n - 1$
4	18	$n \leq 100\,000$	$k \leq 100\,000$	$n$ is even; $l_i$ is odd
5	40	$n \leq 100\,000$	$k \leq 100\,000$	
6	16	$n \leq 100\,000$	$k \leq 10^{18}$	

## Example

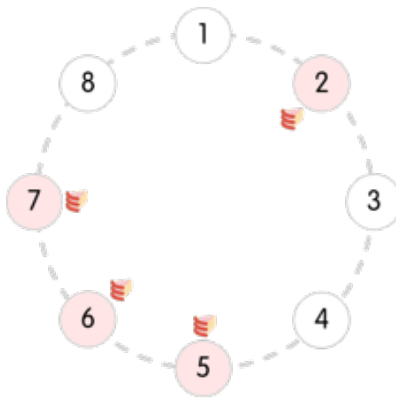
Consider the following input:

```
8 4 3 5
2 5 6 7
3 8
8 3
4 7
```

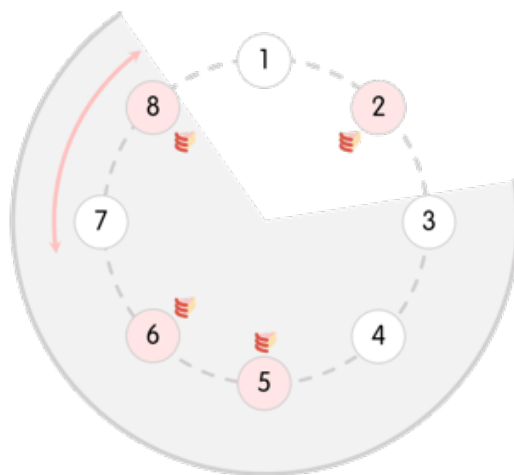
The correct output is:

```
1 2 4 8
```

There are  $n = 8$  contestants.  $c = 4$  contestants,  $a_1 = 2$ ,  $a_2 = 5$ ,  $a_3 = 6$  and  $a_4 = 7$  all have cakes.



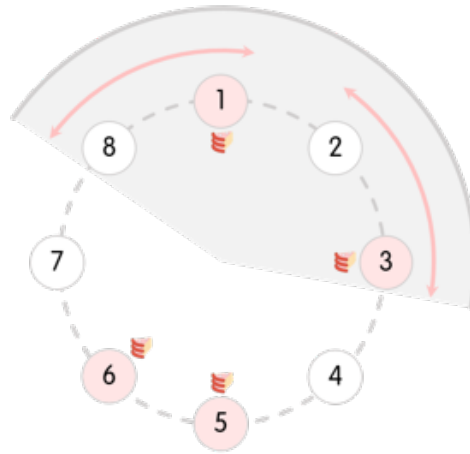
The first operation is for every adjacent pair of contestants from 3 to 8, clockwise, inclusive, to swap cakes.



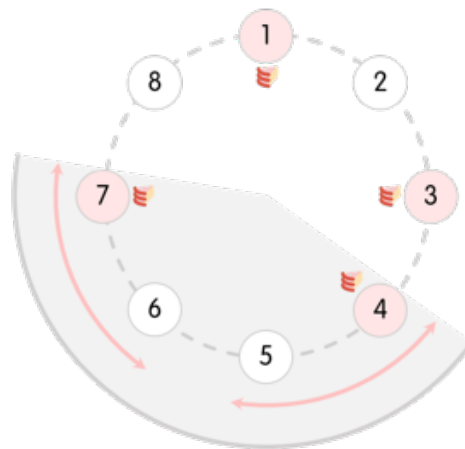
Note that:

- Contestants 3 and 4 both don't have cakes, so nothing happens.
- Contestants 5 and 6 both have cakes, so nothing happens.
- Contestant 7 has a cake while contestant 8 does not, so contestant 7 gives his cake to contestant 8.

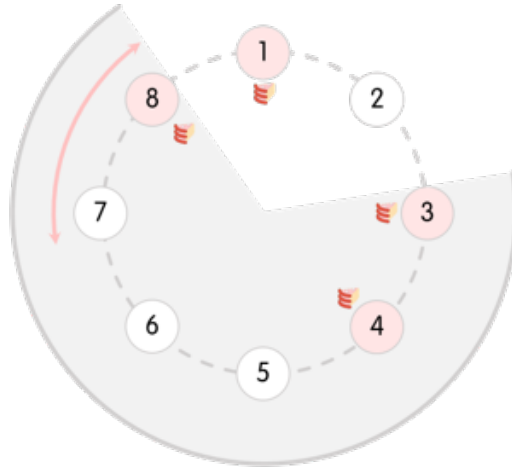
The second operation is for every adjacent pair of contestants from 8 to 3, clockwise, inclusive, to swap cakes.



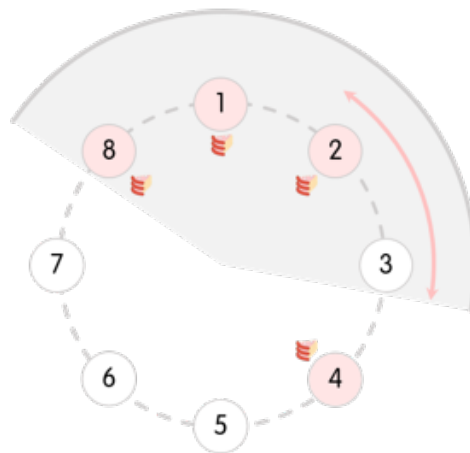
The third operation is for every adjacent pair of contestants from 4 to 7, clockwise, inclusive, to swap cakes.



The fourth operation is for every adjacent pair of contestants from 3 to 8, clockwise, inclusive, to swap cakes. Observe that we are starting over from the first operation, because we need to do a total of 5 operations.



The final operation is for every adjacent pair of contestants from 8 to 3, clockwise, inclusive, to swap cakes.



Now, contestants 1, 2, 4 and 8 are holding cakes, so they survive the Cake at Stake elimination.